

National Curriculum Progression

Mixed Age

#MathsEveryoneCan

2019-20



How does this document work?

The aim of this document is to give an at-a-glance guide to how the White Rose Maths curriculum links to the Key Stage 1 and 2 National Curriculum, and how it progresses through topics.

In each of the major topic areas (Number, Measurement, Geometry and Statistics), the curriculum has been broken down into key areas. For each of these areas, you can then see which NC objectives are covered in that year, together with the block(s) in which that objective is first met in the White Rose Maths schemes.

These are the NC objectives. In our schemes these are broken down into the small steps.

Primary Progression – Place Value						
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Place Value: Counting	- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number - Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of tens, fives and tens Autumn 1 Autumn 4 Spring 2 Summer 4	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward Autumn 1	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; read 10 or 100 more or less than a given number Autumn 1 Autumn 3	count in multiples of 100, 1,000 and 10,000; count backwards through zero to include negative numbers Autumn 1	- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 100 000 - count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero Autumn 1	
Place Value: Represent	- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations - read and write numbers to 100 in numerals - read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words Autumn 1 Autumn 4 Spring 2 Summer 4	- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line Autumn 1	- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations - read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words Autumn 1	- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations - read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value Autumn 1	- read, write, (order and compare) numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit - read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals Autumn 1	read, write, (order and compare) numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit Autumn 1

Where this objective appears in our schemes of learning.

Who is it for?

This progression will help:

- **Class teachers** – for each topic, teachers will be able to see exactly what they are meant to cover in their year group, but also what they can expect students to have covered in the previous year (Y2 to 6) , and where the learning continues next year (Y1 to 5)
- **Maths subject leaders and senior leaders**– the progression provides an overview of the whole primary phase so leaders can clearly see how topics are developed over time. They will also be aware of when topics are taught and what resources may be needed across the school at particular times.

When are topics revisited?

The White Rose Maths curriculum is a cumulative curriculum, so that once a topic is covered it is met many times again in other contexts – often so many that listing them all is impractical. For example, place value is always covered in Autumn 1 but revisited within addition and subtraction, multiplication and division etc. We are also adding “Flashback Four” to our premium resources to support teachers with spaced repetition of key topics throughout and between years.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Place Value: Counting	- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number - Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens Y1/2- Autumn 1 Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 2 Y1/2- Summer 3	count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Autumn 3	count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number Y2/3- Autumn 1 Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 1 Y3/4- Autumn 3	- count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 - count backwards through zero to include negative numbers Y3/4- Autumn 1 Y3/4- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Autumn 1 Y4/5- Autumn 3	- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 - count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero Y4/5- Autumn 1 Y5/6- Autumn 1	
Place Value: Represent	- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations - read and write numbers to 100 in numerals - read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. Y1/2- Autumn 1 Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 2 Y1/2- Summer 3	- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Autumn 3	- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations - read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words Y2/3- Autumn 1 Y3/4- Autumn 1	- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations - read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value Y3/4- Autumn 1 Y4/5- Autumn 1	- read, write, (order and compare) numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit - read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. Y4/5- Autumn 1 Y5/6- Autumn 1	read, write, (order and compare) numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit Y5/6- Autumn 1

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Place Value : Use PV and Compare	given a number, identify one more and one less Y1/2- Autumn 1 Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 2 Y1/2- Summer 3	- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) - compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use $<$, $>$ and $=$ signs Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Autumn 3	- recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) - compare and order numbers up to 1000 Y2/3- Autumn 1 Y3/4- Autumn 1	- find 1000 more or less than a given number - recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) - order and compare numbers beyond 1000 Y3/4- Autumn 1 Y4/5- Autumn 1	(read, write) order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit Y4/5- Autumn 1 Y5/6- Autumn 1	(read, write), order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit Y5/6- Autumn 1
Place Value: Problems & Rounding		use place value and number facts to solve problems. Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Autumn 3	solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas Y2/3- Autumn 1 Y3/4- Autumn 1	- round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 - solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers Y3/4- Autumn 1 Y4/5- Autumn 1	- interpret negative numbers in context - round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 - solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above Y4/5- Autumn 1 Y5/6- Autumn 1	- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy - use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero - solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above Y5/6- Autumn 1

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Addition & Subtraction: Recall, Represent, Use	- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs - represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y1/2- Summer 5	- recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 - show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot - recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Autumn 2	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers Y2/3- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 2	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation Y3/4- Autumn 2 Y4/5- Autumn 2	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy Y4/5- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Summer 3	

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Addition & Subtraction: Calculations	add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	- add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: - a two-digit number and ones - a two-digit number and tens - two two-digit numbers - adding three one-digit numbers	- add and subtract numbers mentally, including: - a three-digit number and ones - a three-digit number and tens - a three-digit number and hundreds - add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction	add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate	- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) - add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers - use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
	Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y1/2- Summer 5	Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Autumn 2	Y2/3- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 2	Y3/4- Autumn 2 Y4/5- Autumn 2	Y4/5- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Summer 3	Y5/6- Autumn 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Addition & Subtraction: Solve Problems	solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y1/2- Summer 5	- solve problems with addition and subtraction: ➤ using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures ➤ applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Autumn 2	solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction Y2/3- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 2	solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Y3/4- Autumn 2 Y4/5- Autumn 2	- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign Y4/5- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Summer 3	solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Y5/6- Autumn 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Multiplication & Division: Recall, Represent, Use		- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers - show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 1 Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Spring 1	recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 3	- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12 - use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers - recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations Y3/4- Autumn 3 Y3/4- Spring 1 Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Spring 1	- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers - know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers - establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 - recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³) Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y5/6- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Summer 3	- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers - use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. Y5/6- Autumn 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Multiplication & Division: Calculations		calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ($\times$), division ($\div$) and equals ($=$) signs	write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers - multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context - multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context - perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
		Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 1 Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Spring 1	Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Spring 1 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Autumn 3 Y3/4- Spring 1	Y3/4- Autumn 3 Y3/4- Spring 1 Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Spring 1	Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Spring 1 Y4/5- Spring 3 Y5/6- Autumn 2 Y5/6- Spring 2	Y5/6- Autumn 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Multiplication & Division: Solve Problems	solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 1 Y1/2- Summer 5	solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts Y1/2- Autumn 3 Y1/2- Spring 1 Y2/3- Autumn 3 Y2/3- Spring 1	solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects Y2/3- Spring 1 Y2/3- Summer 2 Y3/4- Spring 1	solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects Y3/4- Spring 1 Y4/5- Spring 1	- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes - solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Spring 1 Y5/6- Autumn 2	solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division Y5/6- Autumn 2
Multiplication & Division: Mixed Operations					solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign Y4/5- Autumn 3 Y4/5- Spring 1 Y5/6- Autumn 2	use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations Y5/6- Autumn 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Fractions: Recognise and Write	- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity - recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity Y1/2- Spring 5	recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity Y1/2- Spring 5 Y2/3- Spring 5	- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 - recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators - recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators Y2/3- Spring 5 Y3/4- Spring 3	count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Y3/4- Spring 4 Y4/5- Spring 3	- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths - recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$] Y4/5- Spring 2 Y5/6- Autumn 3 Y5/6- Spring 1 Y5/6- Summer 4	
Fractions: Compare		Recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ Y1/2- Spring 5 Y2/3- Spring 5	- recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators - compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators Y2/3- Spring 5 Y3/4- Spring 3	recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions Y3/4- Spring 3 Y4/5- Spring 2	compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number Y4/5- Spring 2 Y5/6- Autumn 3 Y5/6- Spring 1 Y5/6- Summer 4	- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination - compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 Y5/6- Autumn 3

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Fractions: Calculations		write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 Y1/2- Spring 5 Y2/3- Spring 5	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$] Y2/3- Spring 5 Y2/3- Summer 4 Y3/4- Summer 3	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator Y3/4- Spring 3 Y4/5- Spring 2	- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number - multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams Y4/5- Spring 2 Y5/6- Autumn 3 Y5/6- Spring 1 Y5/6- Summer 4	- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions - multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$] - divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$] Y5/6- Autumn 3
Fractions: Solve Problems			solve problems that involve all of the above Y2/3- Spring 5 Y2/3- Summer 4 Y3/4- Summer 3	solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number Y3/4- Spring 3 Y4/5- Spring 2		

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Decimals: Recognise and Write				- recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths - recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ Y3/4- Spring 4 Y3/4- Summer 1 Y4/5- Spring 3 Y4/5- Summer 1	- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$] - recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents Y4/5- Spring 3 Y5/6- Spring 2 Y5/6- Summer 4	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places Y5/6- Spring 2
Decimals: Compare				- round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number - compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places Y3/4- Summer 1 Y4/5- Summer 1	- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place - read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places Y4/5- Spring 3 Y5/6- Spring 2 Y5/6- Summer 4	

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Decimals: Calculations & Problems				find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths Y3/4- Spring 4 Y4/5- Spring 3	solve problems involving number up to three decimal places Y4/5- Spring 3 Y4/5- Summer 1 Y5/6- Spring 2 Y5/6- Spring 3 Y5/6- Summer 4	- multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places - multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers - use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places - solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy Y5/6- Spring 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Fractions, Decimals and Percentages				solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places Y3/4- Spring 3 Y3/4- Spring 4 Y3/4- Summer 1 Y3/4- Spring 2 Y3/4- Spring 3 Y3/4- Summer 1	- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal - solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 Y4/5- Spring 3 Y5/6- Spring 2 Y5/6- Summer 4	- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$] - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts Y5/6- Spring 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Ratio and Proportion						• solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts • solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison • solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found • solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. Y5/6- Spring 1 Y5/6- Spring 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Algebra	solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$	recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	solve problems, including missing number problems			- use simple formulae - generate and describe linear number sequences - express missing number problems algebraically - find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns - enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. Y5/6- Spring 3

Note – although algebraic notation is not introduced until Y6, algebraic thinking starts much earlier as exemplified by the ‘missing number’ objectives from Y1/2/3

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Measurement: Using Measures	- compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half] - mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] - capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] - time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] - measure and begin to record the following: - lengths and heights - mass/weight - capacity and volume - time (hours, minutes, seconds) Y1/2- Spring 3 Y1/2- Summer 2 Y1/2- Summer 4	- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels - compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = Y1/2- Spring 3 Y1/2- Summer 4 Y2/3- Spring 3 Y2/3- Summer 3	measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) Y2/3- Spring 3 Y2/3- Summer 3 Y3/4- Spring 2 Y3/4- Spring 4	- Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute] - estimate, compare and calculate different measures Y3/4- Spring 2 Y3/4- Summer 2 Y4/5- Autumn 4 Y4/5- Summer 2	- convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) - understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints - use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling Y4/5- Autumn 4 Y4/5- Summer 6 Y5/6- Spring 4 Y5/6- Summer 5	- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate - use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places - convert between miles and kilometres Y5/6- Spring 4

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Measurement: Money	recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes Y1/2- Autumn 2	- recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value - find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money - solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change Y1/2- Autumn 2 Y2/3- Autumn 2	add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts Y2/3- Autumn 2 Y3/4- Summer 1	estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence Y3/4- Summer 1 Y4/5- Summer 1	use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, money] Y4/5- Summer 1 Y5/6- Spring 3	

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Measurement: Time	- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	- compare and sequence intervals of time - tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times - know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	- tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks - estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight - know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year - compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]	- read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks - solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days	solve problems involving converting between units of time	use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa
	Y1/2- Summer 2	Y1/2- Summer 2 Y2/3- Summer 1	Y2/3- Summer 1 Y3/4- Summer 2	Y3/4- Summer 2 Y4/5- Summer 2	Y4/5- Summer 2 Y5/6- Spring 4	Y5/6- Summer 4

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Measurement: Perimeter, Area, Volume			measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes Y2/3- Spring 4 Y3/4- Spring 2	- measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres - find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares Y3/4- Spring 2 Y3/4- Autumn 4	- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres - calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm^2) and square metres (m^2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes - estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm^3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] Y4/5- Autumn 4 Y4/5-Summer 6 Y5/6- Spring 5	- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa - recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes - calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles - calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units [for example, mm^3 and km^3] Y5/6- Spring 5

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Geometry: 2-D Shapes	recognise and name common 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] Y1/2- Spring 4	- identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line - identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] - compare and sort common 2-D shapes and everyday objects Y1/2- Spring 4 Y2/3- Spring 4	draw 2-D shapes Y2/3- Spring 4 Y3/4- Summer 4	- compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes - identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations Y3/4- Summer 4 Y4/5- Summer 4	- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. - use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles Y4/5- Summer 4 Y5/6- Summer 1	- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles - compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes - illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius Y5/6- Summer 1
Geometry: 3-D Shapes	recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres] Y1/2- Spring 4	- recognise and name common 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. - compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects Y1/2- Spring 4 Y2/3- Spring 4	make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them Y2/3- Spring 4 Y3/4- Summer 4		identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations Y4/5- Summer 4 Y5/6- Summer 1	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets Y5/6- Summer 1

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Geometry: Angles & Lines			- recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn - identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle - identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines Y2/3- Spring 4 Y3/4- Summer 4	- identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size - identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations - complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry Y3/4- Summer 4 Y4/5- Summer 4	- know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles - draw given angles, and measure them in degrees - identify: - angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) - angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°) - other multiples of 90° Y4/5- Summer 4 Y5/6- Summer 1	- find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons - recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles Y5/6- Summer 1

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Geometry: Position & Direction	describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns Y1/2- Summer 1	- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences - use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise) Y1/2- Spring 4 Y1/2- Summer 1 Y2/3- Spring 4		- describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant - describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down - plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon Y3/4- Summer 4 Y4/5- Summer 5	identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed Y4/5- Summer 5 Y5/6- Summer 2	- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) - draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes Y5/6- Summer 2

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Statistics: Present and Interpret		interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables Y1/2- Spring 2 Y2/3- Spring 2	interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables Y2/3- Spring 2 Y3/4- Summer 3	interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs Y3/4- Summer 3 Y4/5- Summer 3	complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables Y4/5- Summer 3 Y5/6- Spring 6	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems Y5/6- Spring 6
Statistics: Solve Problems		- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity - ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data Y1/2- Spring 2 Y2/3- Spring 2	solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables Y2/3- Spring 2 Y3/4- Summer 3	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs Y3/4- Summer 3 Y4/5- Summer 3	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph Y4/5- Summer 3 Y5/6- Spring 6	calculate and interpret the mean as an average Y5/6- Spring 6

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value Y1 – Numbers to 20 Y2 – Numbers to 100			Number: Addition and Subtraction Year 1- Numbers within 20 (including recognising money) Year 2- Numbers within 100 (including money)						Number: Year 1: Place Value to 50 and Multiplication Year 2: Multiplication		
Spring	Number: Year 1: Division & consolidation Year 2: Division		Year 1: Place Value to 100		Measurement: Length and Height	Geometry: Year 1: Shape and Consolidation Year 2: Properties of Shape		Number: Year 1: Fractions and Consolidation Year 2: Fractions			Consolidation	
Year 2: Statistics												
Summer	Geometry: Position and Direction	Measurement: Time		Year 1: Place Value recap		Measurement: Year 1: Weight and Volume Year 2: Mass, Capacity and Temperature		Year 1: Four Operations recap		Consolidation		
Year 2:Problem solving				Year 2: Consolidation and Investigations								

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value Y2 – Numbers to 100 Y3 – Numbers to 1,000			Number: Addition and Subtraction Year 2- Numbers within 100 (including money) Year 3- Numbers within 1,000 (including money)						Number: Multiplication		
Spring	Number: Division		Statistics		Measurement: Length and Height	Geometry: Year 2: Shape, Position and Direction Year 3: Shape and Perimeter			Number: Year 2: Fractions & Consolidation Year 3: Fractions			
Summer	Measurement: Time			Year 3: Four Operations		Measurement: Year 2: Mass, Capacity and Temperature Year 3: Mass and Capacity			Year 3: Fractions recap		Year 3: SSM consolidation	
				Problem solving					Consolidation and Investigations			

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value				Number: Addition and Subtraction				Number: Multiplication and Division			
Spring	Number: Multiplication and Division	Measurement: Length, Perimeter and Area		Number: Fractions				Y3: Measurement: Mass and Capacity		Consolidation		
								Y4: Number: Decimals				
Summer	Number: Decimals (including Money)		Measurement: Time		Statistics		Geometry: Properties of Shape (including Y4 Position and Direction)			Consolidation		

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value				Number: Addition and Subtraction			Number: Multiplication and Division			Measurement: Length, Perimeter and Area	
Spring	Number: Multiplication and Division			Number: Fractions					Number: Decimals (including Y5 Percentages)			
Summer	Number: Decimals (including Y4 Money)		Measurement: Time	Statistics		Geometry: Properties of Shape		Geometry: Position and Direction	Y4: Consolidation		Consolidation	
									Y5: Converting Units & Volume			

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number: Place Value		Number: Four Operations					Number: Fractions				
Spring	Y5: Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals and Percentages				Y5: Number: Decimals		Measurement: Converting Units	Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume		Statistics	
	Y6: Number: Ratio					Y6: Number: Algebra						
Summer	Geometry: Properties of Shape		Geometry: Position and Direction	Y5: Four Operations consolidation			Y5: FDP consolidation		Y5: Measure consolidation		Consolidation	
				Y6: SATS		Investigations						