

# Stoke Canon C of E Primary School



*Vision Statement: Nurture and Grow Together through Compassion, Integrity and Kindness*

## Stoke Canon C of E Primary School

### Equality Policy

### September 23

*This single policy replaces separate policies the school has on race, disability and gender to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations. It reflects the legal duties set out in the [Equality Act 2010](#) and [non-statutory guidance](#) set out by the government in December 2011 and March 2012. Part One sets out the school's aims to promote equality of opportunity and comply with the Act; Part Two sets out the legal duties which are referred to in Part One. To view the school's current equality and accessibility objectives see our [Equality and Accessibility Plans](#).*

The primary aim of Stoke Canon Primary School is to enable all pupils to take part as fully as possible in every part of school life by developing each child's self-confidence, recognising their strengths and encouraging them to achieve their full potential.

At Stoke Canon Primary School we will take steps to advance equality of opportunity, foster good relations and eliminate discrimination or harassment across all the protected characteristics (age, race, gender reassignment, disability, marriage and civil partnership, religion and belief, pregnancy and maternity, gender, sexual orientation) within the school community.

This means:

- We will take reasonable and necessary steps to meet pupils' needs by using a variety of approaches and planning [reasonable adjustments](#) for disabled

pupils, enabling our pupils to take as full a part as possible in all the activities of the school. We will make reasonable adjustments to ensure the school environment and its activities are as accessible and welcoming as possible for pupils, staff and visitors to the school. We are also committed to ensuring staff with a disability have equality of opportunity.

- We will actively encourage positive attitudes towards pupils and staff and expect everyone to treat others with dignity and respect.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which the taught and wider curricula will help to promote awareness of the rights of individuals and develop the skills of participation and responsible action.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which our teaching and the curriculum provision will support high standards of attainment, promote common values, and help students understand and value the diversity that surrounds them, and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- We will monitor the progress and achievement of pupils by the relevant and appropriate protected characteristics. This information will help the school to ensure that individual pupils are achieving their potential, the school is being inclusive in practice, and trends are identified which inform the setting of our equality objectives in our equality plan.
- We will collect and analyse information about protected characteristics in relation to staff recruitment, retention, training opportunities and promotions to ensure all staff have equality of opportunity. We will not ask [health-related questions](#) to job applicants before offering a job, unless it relates to an intrinsic function of the work they do. We will make reasonable adjustments such as providing auxiliary aids for our disabled staff.
- We will ensure the curriculum is accessible to all pupils with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) or those for whom English is not their first language. Auxiliary aids and services will be provided for them, where reasonable adjustments are required. By planning ahead, we will ensure that all pupils are able to take part in extra-curricular activities and residential visits, and we will monitor the uptake of these to ensure no one is disadvantaged on the grounds of a protected characteristic.
- We will seek the views of advisory staff and outside agencies and partnerships with other schools where this is needed. In planning the curriculum and resources we will take every opportunity to [promote and advance equality](#).
- Bullying and Prejudice Related Incidents will be carefully monitored and dealt with effectively. Regular training will be given to both existing and new staff to ensure that they are aware of the process for reporting and following up incidents of [prejudice-related bullying](#) (follow link to new DCC guidance).
- We expect that all staff will be role-models for equal opportunities, deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents and be able to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.

- Throughout the year, we will plan on-going events to raise awareness of equality and diversity. This may include a focus on disability, respect for other cultures, religions and beliefs, gender equality, developing [community cohesion](#) and an understanding of the effects of discrimination. This will be set out as equality objectives.
- We will regularly seek the views of pupils, parents, advisory staff and visitors to the school, to ensure that the school environment is as safe and accessible as possible to all school users. We will regularly review our [accessibility plans](#).
- We welcome a diverse range of candidates and encourage those who are currently under-represented to join.
- We will ensure that all staff are aware of their [legal duties](#) under the Equality Act 2010, the different forms of [discrimination](#) and what '[reasonable adjustments](#)' mean in practice.
- We will set out training and awareness sessions in the school improvement plan.
- These equality objectives will be reviewed and reported on annually.
- We will maintain and update the equality policy and objectives on the school website to show how it we are complying with the [Public Sector Equality Duty \(PSED\)](#) in the Equality Act 2010 and advancing equality of opportunity.
- When drawing up policies, we will carry out an [equality impact assessment](#) (EIA) to ensure a policy does not, even inadvertently, disadvantage groups of pupils with protected characteristics. We will consider to what extent a new/revised policy, practice or plan meets the Public Sector Equality Duties (eliminates discrimination, advances equality and fosters good relations for all the protected characteristics) and recommend changes/mitigations where necessary (DCC policies will have already had EIAs carried out).

**Policy agreed:      September 23      Date of next review: September 24**

# Part Two

## Our Legal Duties

Legislation relating to equality and discrimination is laid out in the Equality Act 2010.

This legislation covers employment (work), the provision of services and public functions, and education.

Employers (schools) are liable for discriminatory acts of their employees if they did not take reasonable steps to prevent such acts. Employees can be liable for acts (where an employer took reasonable steps to prevent such acts).

### The 'Protected Characteristics' within equality law are:

- **Age** - A person of a particular age (e.g. 32 year old) or a range of ages (e.g. 18 - 30 year olds). Age discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.
- **Disability** - A person has a disability if s/he has, or has had, a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. It includes discrimination arising from something connected with their disability such as use of aids or medical conditions. HIV, multiple sclerosis and cancer are all considered as disabilities, regardless of their effect.
- **Gender reassignment** - A person (usually with 'gender dysphoria') who is proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone gender reassignment (the process of changing physiological or other attributes of sex, therefore changing from male to female, or female to male). 'Trans' is an umbrella term to describe people with this 'Gender Identity'. 'Intersex' or 'Third Sex' is not covered by the Act but the school will treat Intersex children with the same degree of equality as children with gender dysphoria. Children as young as five may begin to show signs of [gender dysphoria](#) and therefore it is relevant in any school environment. ([The Intercom Trust](#) in Devon supports schools in supporting children undergoing gender reassignment).
- **Marriage and civil partnership** – Marriage and civil partnership discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.
- **Pregnancy and maternity** - Maternity refers to the period of 26 weeks after the birth (including still births), which reflects the period of a woman's Ordinary Maternity Leave entitlement in the employment context. In employment, it also covers (where eligible) the period up to the end of her Additional Maternity Leave.
- **Race** - A person's colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin. It includes Travellers and Gypsies as well as White British people.
- **Religion and belief** - Religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition. Religion and belief discrimination does not prevent a school from carrying out collective worship or other curriculum-based activities, but pupils may withdraw from acts of collective worship.
- **Sex** - A man or a woman.

- **Sexual orientation** - A person's sexual orientation towards the same sex (lesbian or gay), the opposite sex (heterosexual) or to both sexes (bisexual). Although children may not identify as gay or lesbian when very young, promotion of sexual orientation equality is as relevant in a primary school environment as it is in a secondary school. For example, a child may have an older sibling or parent who is gay. Children may experience friends 'questioning' or 'coming out' when they are in secondary school or college. Schools with a particular religious ethos cannot discriminate against lesbian, gay or bisexual pupils.

*It is also unlawful to discriminate because of the sex, race, disability, religion or belief, sexual orientation or gender reassignment of another person with whom the pupil is associated. So, for example, a school must not discriminate by refusing to admit a pupil because his parents are gay men or lesbians. It would be race discrimination to treat a white pupil less favourably because she has a black boyfriend.*

#### **'Prohibited Conduct' (acts that are unlawful):**

- **Direct discrimination** - Less favourable treatment because of a protected characteristic.
- **Indirect discrimination** - A provision, criteria or practice that puts a person at a particular disadvantage and is not a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.
- **Harassment** - Conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It includes harassment by a third party (e.g. customer or contractor) in the employment context.
- **Victimisation** - Subjecting a person to a detriment because of their involvement with proceedings (a complaint) brought in connection with this Act.
- **Discrimination arising from disability** - Treating someone unfavourably because of something connected with their disability (such as periods of absence from work or medical conditions) **and failure to make reasonable adjustments.**
- **Gender re-assignment discrimination** - Not allowing reasonable absence from work for the purpose of gender-reassignment in line with normal provision such as sick leave).
- **Pregnancy/maternity related discrimination** - Unfavourable treatment because of pregnancy or maternity. It includes unfavourable treatment of a woman or girl because she is breastfeeding.
- **Discrimination by association or perception** - For example, discriminating against someone because they "look gay", or because they have a gay brother; discriminating against someone because they care for a disabled relative.

*Schools are allowed to treat disabled pupils more favourably than non-disabled pupils, and in some cases are required to do so, by making reasonable adjustments to put them on a more level footing with pupils without disabilities.*

#### **Public Sector Duties (applies to schools):**

A school must, in the exercise of its functions, give due regard to the need to (in relation to protected characteristics above):

1. Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other prohibited conduct.
2. Advance equality of opportunity (remove or minimise disadvantage; meet people's needs; take account of disabilities; encourage participation in public life).
3. Foster good relations between people (tackle prejudice and promote understanding).

*In practice, 'due regard' means giving relevant and proportionate consideration to the duty, so decision makers in schools must have due regard when making a decision, developing a policy or taking an action as to whether it may have implications for people because of their protected characteristics.*

## **Reasonable Adjustments and Accessibility Plans (Schedule 10)**

Schools are required to:

- Take reasonable steps to avoid disadvantage caused by a provision, criteria or practice or a physical feature that puts a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared to a non-disabled person. This involves removing or avoiding a physical feature, for example steps and lifts.
- Take reasonable steps to provide auxiliary aids/services.
- Provide information in an accessible format.
- Develop and implement (by allocating appropriate resources) Accessibility Plans which will
  - Increase disabled pupils' access to the school curriculum
  - Improve the physical environment
  - Improve provision of information.

The duty is an anticipatory and continuing one that schools owe to disabled pupils generally, regardless of whether the school knows that a particular pupil is disabled or whether the school currently has disabled pupils. The school will need to plan ahead for the reasonable adjustments that it may need to make, working with the **relevant admissions authority** as appropriate.

**For more information download guidance from the DfE:**

<http://www.education.gov.uk/aboutdfe/policiesandprocedures/equalityanddiversity/a0064570/the-equality-act-2010>

and **Equality Human Rights website:**

<http://www.equalityhumanrights.com> which includes the guidance for education providers (schools)

or Devon County Council at <http://www.devon.gov.uk/equalitylegislation.htm>

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 introduced a duty on all maintained schools in England to promote community cohesion.

Aspects of educational legislation have also promoted equal opportunities, for example the Education Act includes a duty for local authorities to educate children with special educational needs in mainstream schools wherever possible.

## **Responsibilities**

### **Governing Body**

- Ensure that the school complies with equality-related legislation.
- Ensure that the policy and its procedures are implemented by the Headteacher.
- Ensure all other school policies promote equality.
- Give due regard to the Public Sector Equality Duty when making decisions.

### **Headteacher**

- Implement the policy and its related procedures.
- Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy.
- Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination.
- Ensure that all staff understand their duties regarding recruitment and providing reasonable adjustments to staff. It is unlawful for an employer to enquire about the health of an applicant for a job until a job offer has been made, unless the questions are specifically related to an intrinsic function of the work - for example ensuring that applicants for a PE teaching post have the physical capability to carry out the duties. Schools should no longer require job applicants to complete a generic health questionnaire. Neither should a school seek out past sickness records until they have made a job offer.
- Ensure that all staff and pupils are aware of the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents.

### **All staff**

- Enact this policy, its commitments and procedures, and their responsibilities associated with this policy.
- Deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents, and know how to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- Promote equality and good relations and not discriminate on any grounds.
- Attend such training and information opportunities as necessary to enact this policy and keep up to date with equality legislation.
- To be models of equal opportunities through their words and actions.

### **Specific Staff**

#### **SEND**

Mrs Dodd is our school SENCO and has special responsibility for children with Special Educational Needs.

#### **Pupils**

- Refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour or any other behaviour that contravenes this policy.

### **Visitors (e.g. parent helpers, contractors)**

- To be aware of, and comply with, the school's equality policy.
- To refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour (for example, racist language) on school premises.

## **Appendix**

### **Definitions**

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Equality  | This is more clearly defined as equality of opportunity and outcome, rather than equality of treatment. This means treating people fairly and according to their needs as some people may need to be treated differently in order to achieve an equal outcome.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Inclusive | Making sure everyone can participate, whatever their background or circumstances.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Diversity | Recognising that we are all different. Diversity is an outcome of equality and inclusion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Cohesion  | People from different backgrounds getting on well together (good community relations). There is a shared vision and sense of purpose or belonging. Diversity is valued. Relationships are strong, supportive and sustainable. Cohesion is an outcome of equality and inclusion.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Community | <p>From the school's perspective, the term "community" has a number of meanings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The school community – the students we serve, their families and the school's staff.</li> <li>• The community within which the school is located – in its geographical community, and the people who live and/or work in that area.</li> <li>• The community of Britain – all schools by definition are part of it.</li> <li>• The global community – formed by European and international links.</li> </ul> |

**Gender Dysphoria** Gender dysphoria is a recognised condition in which a person feels that there is a mismatch between their biological sex and their gender identity.

Biological sex is assigned at birth, depending on the appearance of the infant. Gender identity is the gender that a person “identifies” with, or feels themselves to be.

**Equality Objectives for 23-24**

- To create a rolling programme of assemblies that reflects the diverse nature of our society and looks at protected characteristics.
- To review our relationships programme with reference to the latest available guidance
- To increase participation for Girls in sport, particularly in team events both mixed and individual
- To increase attainment in Boys reading and writing in Year 5 and 6.
- To increase staff knowledge about diversity and equality. Twilight training session
- To update our school library with books that support understanding of protected characteristics.
- To increase the profile of girls/women in Science and Maths professions.

**Key strategies to address this:**

Update rolling programme to reflect awareness of protected characteristics.

Include more girls in mixed teams in Sporting Events and to also participate in single sex tournaments.

Target boys who need support in reading/writing in small group intervention with TA and with teacher led focus groups.

Support pupils with SEND with appropriate ICT programmes to engage learning and support progress where necessary.

To promote the profile of girls/women in Science and Maths professions

Support refugee pupils and parents with access to support and school documentation in native languages.

To update all school website in line with the latest guidance.

| Action                                       | Who | When                                                                                                      | Resources and training needs/costs                                                                    | How will this be monitored?<br>What are the success criteria?              |
|----------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To increase participation for Girls in sport | LH  | The school gained the Gold Sports Mark in 22/23 and we will continue to build upon the good progress made | Encourage girls to participate in team sports.<br>Look out for more mixed and single sex tournaments. | Make sure we have representation from girls in all sports teams in school. |

|                                                                                                                                                          |    |                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To increase attainment in Boys writing in Year 5 and 6                                                                                                   | PG | 23/24<br>Continue to track progress and provide additional support when necessary. Reading intervention programme for Year 5 group.                                                           | Target boys who need support in writing in small group intervention with TA and with teacher led focus groups. Support pupils with SEND with appropriate ICT to support writing.                                                                                                         | Create baseline and monitor progress against baseline.                                                                                                                                                             |
| To update our school library with books to support the understanding of protected characteristics. To promote the profile of women in Science and Maths. | LH | Autumn 23 to 24<br><br>In 22/23 we included sections on Autism and updated our health and wellbeing books. This year we are targeting disability and books to support relationship education. | Create a new rolling programme that includes our work on British Values. British values assemblies to be completed in the autumn term which link to UK parliament Week, Remembrance Sunday and other key events.                                                                         | Pupils can talk about what British. Values are and how this relates to them in a school setting. E.G They get to vote in the school council and have a 'voice' in school. The pupils will vote in a democratic way |
| To create a greater awareness of protected characteristics through assemblies and through the curriculum.                                                | LH | Autumn 23 to Autumn 24                                                                                                                                                                        | Plan events and assemblies that will embrace diversity, encourage positive attitudes and understanding of pupils with protected characteristics including different forms of disability. E.G <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assembly in National Deaf awareness week.</li> </ul> | Pupils have a greater awareness of a range of protected characteristics in the curriculum and in assemblies. Governors to monitor in Summer 24 at both schools                                                     |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |                        |                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| To support refugee pupils/parents and pupils with EAL to access support to documents in their native languages. To support pupils in school through Google Classroom and Google translate. To utilise the support of specialist teachers through the LA. | HD/LA | Autumn 23 to Autumn 24 | Ask parents what they need and access relevant support. Assess pupils needs and provide relevant support through appropriate services. | Pupils are achieving well in school and parents can access all parts of school life to support their children. |
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# Part Four

## Equality checklist / audit

### Checklist for school staff and governors on Equality Act 2010 planning

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(with suggested evidence in purple)

- ☒ Where possible, necessary and relevant, and in accordance with data protection legislation, is information collected on protected groups (disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation) with regard to both pupils and staff? Is this information used to improve the provision of services? Are auxiliary aids and services provided for disabled pupils?

The school gathers such information and uses it to understand the school context in relation to protected characteristics. The Devon SEND audit and framework will show you have collected evidence on pupils with SEND.

Further guidance on monitoring is available from the Equality and Human Rights Commission's website (EHRC). It is advisable to follow guidance and take into account data protection legislation when gathering information about people. You will already collect information in relation to gender, race, disability/SEN and free school meal status. For other protected characteristics such as sexual orientation, other methods of information gathering may be necessary such as anonymous surveys as some pupils may not be 'out' about their sexual orientation. Sexual orientation may not be apparent in primary school children so there would be no need to collect data on this protected characteristic. Other data includes bullying and prejudice-related incidents. Please follow [EHRC guidance](#).

- ☒ Is pupil achievement monitored by protected characteristics? Are there any trends or patterns in the data that may require additional action?

Rigorous systems of analysis of pupil performance data by protected characteristics, including clear monitoring and evaluation by governors, so that any significant differences between groups with protected characteristics are swiftly recognised and investigated. This analysis feeds clearly into school improvement planning.

- ☒ Is pupil attendance data monitored by protected groups? Are there any trends or patterns in the data that may require additional action?

Rigorous systems of analysis of pupil attendance data by protected characteristics, including clear monitoring and evaluation by governors, so that any significant differences between groups with protected characteristics are swiftly recognised and investigated. This analysis feeds clearly into school improvement planning.

- ☒ Is the curriculum equally accessible to all protected characteristics? Are all pupils encouraged to participate in all aspects of school life? How is this shown through representation in school events such as class assemblies and the school council?

Audit and analysis of spread of pupils taking part in different school activities (in relation to protected characteristics).

- ☒ Are the current reporting systems for bullying and prejudice-related incidents understood and followed by all pupils, staff and visitors? (link to BPRI form & Guidance website) and is this information used to make a difference?

Use of new reporting forms, analysis of bullying and behaviour reports/logs, analysis of incidence logs (staff), evidence that governors analyse data identifying any trends and take required actions including ensuring swift action by staff when incidents happen.

- ☒ Are protected characteristics portrayed positively in school books, displays and discussions such as circle time and class assemblies?

Audit of school resources/PHSE and RE curriculum.

- ☒ Does the school take part in annual events such as Deaf Awareness Week, Holocaust Memorial Day, Respect, Black History Month or LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Trans) History Month to raise awareness of equality and diversity? Does the school actively try to make pupils aware of discrimination and its effects?

Audit of school curriculum - demonstrating how the curriculum and its delivery actively fosters good relations between people, tackles prejudices and promotes understanding.

- ☒ Is the school environment as accessible as possible to pupils, staff and visitors to the school? Are open evenings and other events which parents or carers attend held in an accessible part of the school?

School Accessibility Plan is up to date. Outcomes of stakeholder consultation on equality link clearly with the school's equality objectives. The impact of objectives is monitored, measured and evaluated.

- ☒ Is information available to parents, visitors, pupils, past pupils and staff in formats which are accessible if required? Is everyone aware of this?

Stakeholders are made aware that information can be made available in different formats, for example large print, translating services etc, and are consulted on this facility. This might be part of The Accessibility Plan.

- ☒ Are staff aware of the 2010 Equality Act and their responsibilities to comply with the Act? Are they aware of the different forms of discrimination? Are they aware of the term 'reasonable adjustments' and what this means in practice?

Clear evidence of on-going staff training and support. An equality policy is adopted and implemented.

- ☒ Are procedures for the election of parent governors open to all candidates and voters? How are different protected characteristics represented on the governing body and does this broadly reflect the diversity within the community?

The governing body has a recruitment procedure which actively encourages membership from protected groups. Procedures for election are accessible to all protected groups.

- ☒ Have recruitment guidelines been changed to ensure that no health questions are asked at interview, or health questionnaires completed before offering a job? Are reasonable adjustments in place for staff with a disability? Are the recruitment, promotion and training opportunities monitored for staff with protected characteristics?

The school has adopted an up-to-date recruitment policy. Evidence is kept of questions asked at interview. The senior leadership team and the governing body seeks advice and support from Human Resources services when necessary. Staff recruitment, promotion and training are monitored by the governing body.

- ☒ Are equality objectives in place, i.e. has the school identified objectives, drawn up a plan based on information collected on protected characteristics (see above checklist points) and consultation with pupils, parents and staff? Has the school consulted representatives of disabled groups in the community about steps the school is taking to improve access? Does the plan (which forms part of the School Improvement Plan) show how the work supports equality? Are these equality objectives reviewed at least annually?

Audit and consultation are followed by analysis leading to agreed objectives (evidence in governing body annual cycle, agendas and minutes). Objectives form part of School Improvement Plan with clear processes and timelines for monitoring and evaluation. There are clear feedback mechanisms to ensure that stakeholders are informed about the outcomes of equality objectives.

- ☒ Is a system in place to ensure that all new and reviewed policies are routinely checked to ensure that they do not have the potential to disadvantage people because of a protected characteristic?

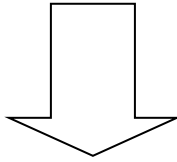
Clear records are kept of Equality Impact Assessments as seen in minutes of governing body meetings, providing evidence that governors have considered the Public Sector Equality Duty. All governors and staff are made aware of this requirement. All policies have a dated statement to show not only when the policy was last reviewed but that it was assessed for impact on protected characteristics.

- ☒ Does the governing body have clear and transparent systems which demonstrate how SEN funding, the pupil premium and PEA money (Personal Education Allowance – which is additional money which may be allocated to Looked After Children) are spent, with clear links to how this money is spent and what impact it has on those groups with the relevant protected characteristics?

The school has clear financial systems, with clear lines of accountability, terms of reference and minutes of finance meetings, showing clear strategic planning with regard to these separate streams of funding. the governing body monitors and evaluates the impact of funding on protected groups and can evidence that the funding has a direct impact on school improvement.

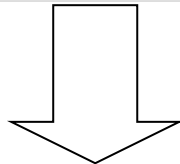
- ☒ Has the school set up a system, e.g. an equality page on its website, to show how it is complying with the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) in the Equality Act 2010?

An equality policy is published. Minutes of governing body meetings demonstrate that equality issues have been discussed and addressed. A calendar of events, demonstrates that the school is raising the awareness and understanding of people with protected characteristics (Plus evidence from all other items listed above).



**Set**

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- at least once every four years.